- (2) decries the comparison of Jews to Nazis perpetrating a Holocaust or genocide as a pernicious form of anti-Semitism, an insult to the memory of those who perished in the Holocaust, and an affront both to those who survived and the righteous gentiles who saved Jewish lives at peril to their own and who fought to defeat the Nazis;
- (3) calls on leaders to speak out against manifestations of anti-Semitism that have entered the public debate about the Middle East;
- (4) applauds those foreign leaders who have condemned anti-Semitic acts and calls on those who have yet to take firm action against anti-Semitism in their countries to do so:
- (5) reaffirms its support for the mandate of the Special Envoy to Monitor and Combat Anti-Semitism: and
- (6) urges the Secretary of State-
- (A) to maintain the fight against anti-Semitism as a foreign policy priority of the United States and to convey the concerns of the United States Government in bilateral meetings:
- (B) to continue to raise with United States allies in the Middle East their failure to halt incitement to violence against Jews, including through the use of government-run media:
- (C) to urge governments to promote tolerance education and establish mechanisms to monitor, investigate, and punish anti-Semitic crimes, including through utilization of the education, law enforcement training, and civil society capacity building initiatives of the Tolerance and Non-discrimination Department of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE);
- (D) to swiftly appoint the Special Envoy to Monitor and Combat Anti-Semitism of the Department of State;
- (E) to ensure that Department of State Annual Country Reports on Human Rights and International Religious Freedom Reports continue to report on incidents of anti-Semitism and the efforts of foreign governments to address the problem;
- (F) to provide necessary training and tools for United States embassies and missions to recognize these trends; and
- (G) to ensure that initiatives of the United States Government to train law enforcement abroad incorporate tools to address anti-Semitism.

#### NEW FRONTIER CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL ACT

Mrs. HAGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Banking Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 951 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the bill by title.
The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 951) to authorize the President, in conjunction with the 40th anniversary of the historic and first lunar landing by humans in 1969, to award gold medals on behalf of the United States Congress to Neil A. Armstrong, the first human to walk on the moon; Edwin E. "Buzz" Aldrin Jr., the pilot of the lunar module and second person to walk on the moon; Michael Collins, the pilot of their Apollo 11 mission's command module; and the first American to orbit the Earth, John Herschel Glenn, Jr.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mrs. HAGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a Senator Nelson of Florida amendment, which is at the desk, be agreed to, the bill, as amended, be read a third time and passed; that an amendment to the title, which is at the desk, be agreed to, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and any statements related to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 1640) was agreed to, as follows:

(Purpose: In the nature of a substitute)

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "New Frontier Congressional Gold Medal Act".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds that-

- (1) as spacecraft commander for Apollo 11, the first manned lunar landing mission, Neil A. Armstrong gained the distinction of being the first man to land a craft on the moon and first to step on its surface on July 21, 1969;
- (2) by conquering the moon at great personal risk to safety, Neil Armstrong advanced America scientifically and technologically, paving the way for future missions to other regions in space;
  (3) Edwin E. "Buzz" Aldrin, Jr., joined
- (3) Edwin E. "Buzz" Aldrin, Jr., joined Armstrong in piloting the lunar module, Eagle, to the surface of the moon, and became the second person to walk upon its surface:
- (4) Michael Collins piloted the command module, Columbia, in lunar orbit and helped his fellow Apollo 11 astronauts complete their mission on the moon:
- (5) John Herschel Glenn, Jr., helped pave the way for the first lunar landing when on February 20, 1962, he became the first American to orbit the Earth; and
- (6) John Glenn's actions, like Armstrong's, Aldrin's and Collins's, continue to greatly inspire the people of the United States.

## SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

- (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The President is authorized to present, on behalf of the Congress, to Neil A. Armstrong, Edwin E. "Buzz" Aldrin, Jr., Michael Collins, and John Herschel Glenn, Jr., each a gold medal of appropriate design, in recognition of their significant contributions to society.
- (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For purposes of the presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall strike gold medals with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.

# SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

The Secretary of the Treasury may strike and sell duplicates in bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 3 under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses, and the cost of the gold medals.

#### SEC. 5. NATIONAL MEDALS.

The medals struck pursuant to this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.

# SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF SALE.

(a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.— There is authorized to be charged against the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund, such amounts as may be necessary to pay for the costs of the medals struck pursuant to this Act. (b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section 4 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

The amendment (No. 1641) was agreed to, as follows:

#### (Purpose: To amend the title)

Amend the title so as to read: A Bill To authorize the President, in conjunction with the 40th anniversary of the historic and first lunar landing by humans in 1969, to award gold medals on behalf of the United States Congress to Neil A. Armstrong, the first human to walk on the moon; Edwin E. "Buzz" Aldrin, Jr., the pilot of the lunar module and second person to walk on the moon; Michael Collins, the pilot of their Apollo 11 mission's command module; and, the first American to orbit the Earth, John Herschel Glenn, Jr.

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION

#### NOMINATION DISCHARGED

Mrs. HAGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to executive session and that the Agriculture Committee be discharged from further consideration of PN498, the nomination of Evan Segal to be CFO at the Department of Agriculture; that the Senate then proceed to the nomination: that the nomination be confirmed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table and no further motions be in order; that the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action: that any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD, and the Senate then resume legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nomination considered and confirmed is as follows:

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Evan J. Segal, of Pennsylvania, to be Chief Financial Officer, Department of Agriculture, vice Charles R. Christopherson, Jr., resigned.

### LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will resume legislative session.

# ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, JULY 21, 2009

Mrs. HAGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until 10 a.m. tomorrow, Tuesday, July 21; that following the prayer and the pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate resume consideration of Calendar No. 89, S. 1390, the Department of Defense authorization bill; that the Senate recess from